In order to strengthen the existing enforcements, the Government of India has approved the proposal for construction of fencing/fiood-lighting on raised embankment, construction of link-roads, border-roads and border outposts in 310 Sq. Kms. area of Rann of Kutch of Gujarat sector. This project is expected to be completed by March, 2004. Further, Government has decided to deploy six floating Border Out Posts (BOPs) in creek area of Gujarat sector for domination of this area and to check infiltration from across the border.

Crimes in the country

1219. SHRI CO. POULOSE: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the incidence of crimes per lakh population under Cr. PC reported in the country during the period 1999-2000 and 2000-2001, State and Union Territory-wise;

(b) what steps Government have taken to arrest the trend of crimes in the country; and

(c) the percentage of economic crime and social crimes out of total crimes reported separately?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI ID. S WAMI); (a) and (c) The available incidence of crime per lakh of population and percentage of economic crimes to total IPC crimes during 1999, Slate/Union Territory-wise is enclosed as statement *(See* below). Similar data for 2000 is not yet available.

(b) "Police" and "Public Order' being State subjects as per the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India, the registration, investigation, detection and prevention of crimes is essentially the responsibility of the State Governments concerned. Nonetheless, the Government of India have been advising the State Governments, from time to lime, to give focussed attention to improving the law and order situation and take such measures as are necessary for the prevention of crimes.

Statement

Incidence ofl.P.C. Crimes per Lakh of Population (Rate) and Percentage of Economic Crimes to Total I.P.C Crimes during 1999.

S.No.	State/UT	Rate	% of Economic Crimes to total
1.	Andhra Pradesh	160.5	4.4
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	194.2	3.0
3.	Assam	143.5	3.2
4.	Bihar	117.5	2.9
5.	Goa	165.6	4.2
6.	Gujarat	261.1	3.4
7.	Haryana	202.2	4.6
8.	Himachal Pradesh	167.8	2.0
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	174.8	2.7
10.	Karnataka	214.0	2.6
11.	Kerala	294.5	3.4
12.	Madhya Pradesh	261.4	1.3
13.	Maharashtra	196.2	3.2
14.	Manipur	100.1	3.7
15.	Meghalaya	72.1	3.4
16.	Mizoram	238.2	6.0
17.	Nagaland	75.8	4.0
18.	Orissa	141.4	1.7
19.	Punjab	86.8	10.0
20.	Rajasthan	317.7	4.5
21.	Sikkim	141.9	3.0
22.	Tamil Nadu	237.2	2.0
23.	Tripura	84.5	1.5
24.	Uttar Pradesh	103.6	5.1
25.	West Bengal	84.9	2.7
	TOTAL (STATES)	174.8	3.3
26.	A&N Islands	159.5	2.5
27.	Chandigarh	314.7	7.7
28.	D&N Haveli	222.0	15
29.	Daman & Diu	180.3	8.1
30.	Delhi	431.7	4.2

S.No. State/UT	Rate	% of Economic Crimes to total
31 - Lakshadweep	44.3	9.7
32. Pondicherry	309.0	0.8
TOTAL (Uts)	404.8	4.1
TOTAL (ALL INDIA)	178.6	3.3

SOURCE: DATA COLLECTED FOR CRIME IN INDIA 1999.

NOTE: 1. FIGURES ARE PROVISIONAL.

2 1998 FIGURES OF BIHAR REPEATED DUE TO NON-AVAILABILITY.

3. ECONOMIC CRIMES COMPRISES OF CBT, CHEATING & COUNTERFEITING ONI v

Persons Killed by Terrorists in Assam

1220. SHRI PRAKANTA WARISA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) te details of persons, paramilitary forces, Army and Police persnnel killed by the terrorist outfits in Assam during the last six months and till date;

(b) the details of the terrorists arrested so far during this period;

(c) whether Government have chargesheeted the arrested terrorists in Assam; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI ID. SWAMI); (a) During the six months i.e., from July 2000 to Dec. 2000, 290 civilians, 5 para military forces personnel, 11 Armd forces personnel and 17 Police personnel have been killed. In Jan. 2001 and Feb. 2001, 59 civilians, 1 armed forces personnel and 11 police personnel have been killed.

(b) During the six months i.e., from July 2000 to Dec. 2000, 138 terrorists, and in Jan. and Feb. 2001, 18 terrorists were arrested.

(c) and (d) Information is being collected ad will be laid on the Table of the House.